

FIPPS

FIssion Product Prompt gamma-ray Spectrometer

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University of Warsaw : *W. Urban*

Summary

- ▶ Nuclear physics at ILL
- ▶ EXILL
 - ✚ Motivation
 - ✚ Setup
 - ✚ Performances
- ▶ FIPPS
 - ✚ FIPPS layout
 - ✚ FIPPS with fast neutrons
- ▶ Conclusion

Institut Laue-Langevin



- operates 58 MW high flux reactor with intense extracted neutron beams
- operating since 1971
- today 14 member states: F, D, UK, E, CH, A, I, CZ, S, HU, B, SK, DK, IN
- over **40 instruments**, mainly for neutron scattering
- **user facility:** 2000 scientific visitors from 45 countries per year

Nuclear Physics at ILL (1)

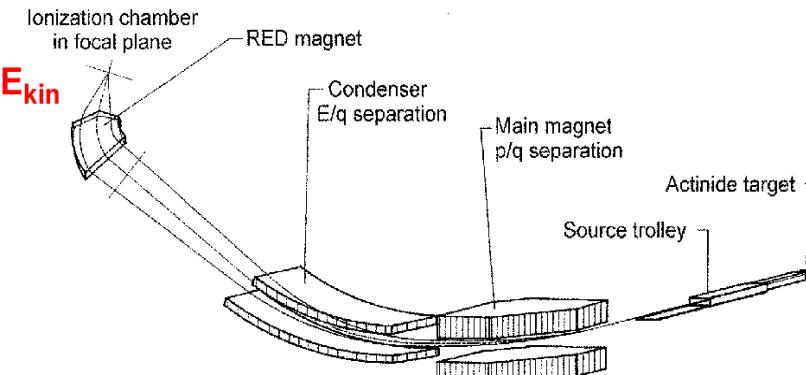
- The LOHENGRIN fission fragment separator:

$$\Delta A/A = 3E-4 - 3E-3$$

$$\Delta E/E = 1E-3 - 1E-2$$

up to 10^5 /s mass-separated fission fragments ($T_{1/2} \geq \mu\text{s}$)

The LOHENGRIN recoil separator



$$m v^2 / r_{el} = q E$$

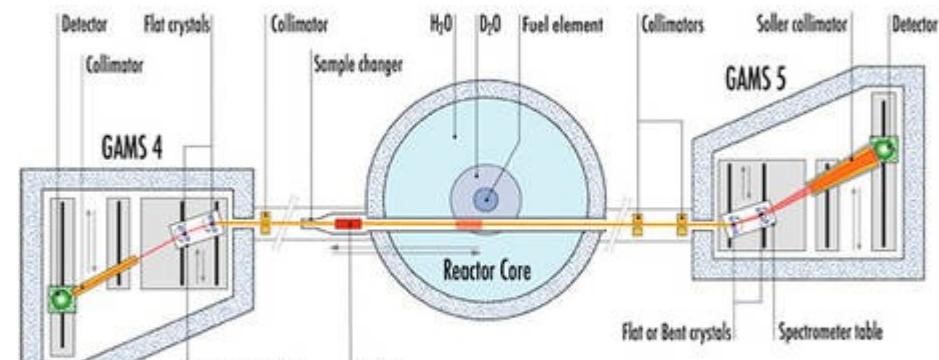
$$E_{kin} / q = E / 2 r_{el}$$

$$m v^2 / r_{magn} = q v B$$

$$m v / q = B r_{magn}$$

P. Armbruster et al., Nucl. Instr. Meth. 139 (1976) 213.

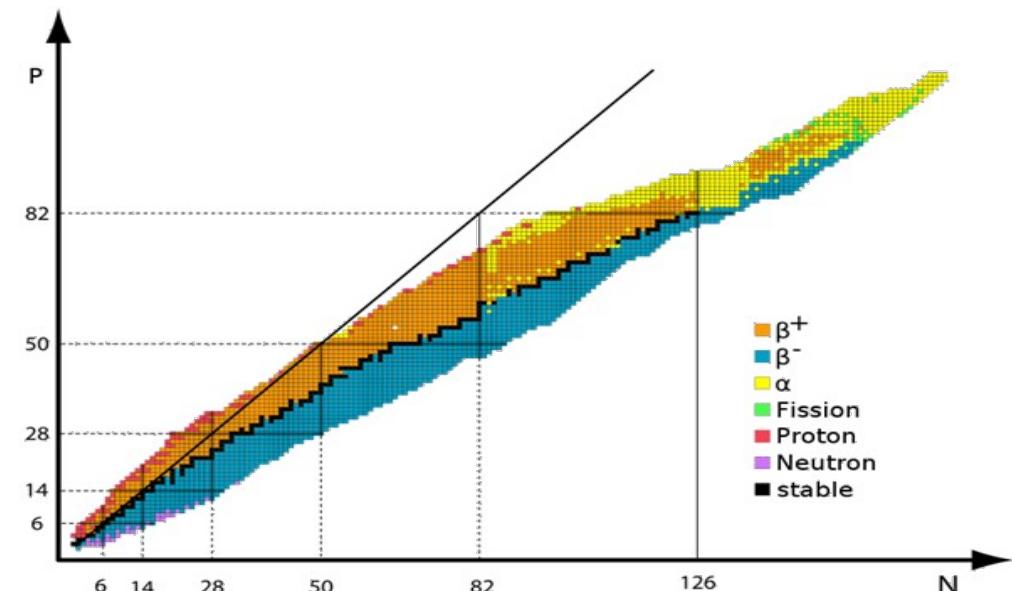
- Gamma-ray spectrometer (GAMS):



Nuclear Physics at ILL (2)

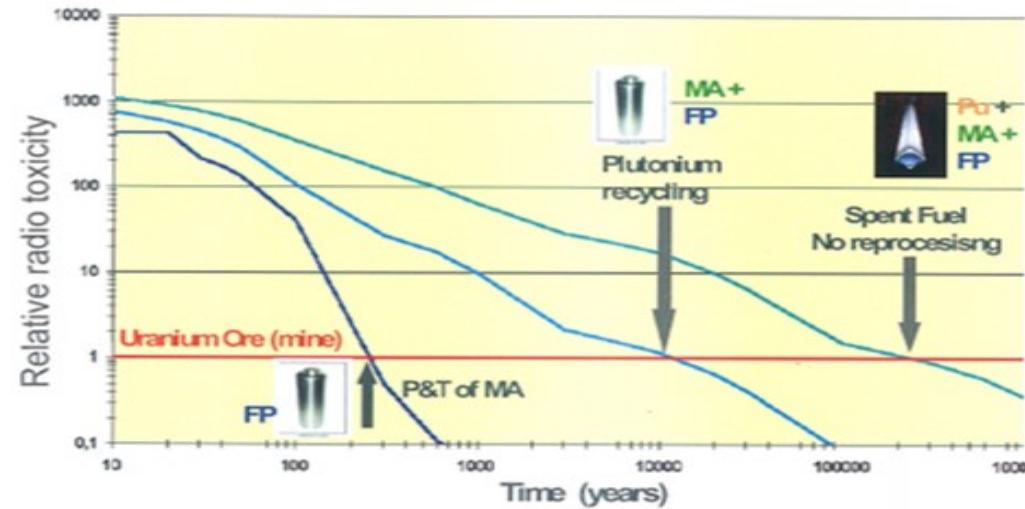
► Fundamental physics :

- Detailed spectroscopy of neutron rich nuclei, astrophysical r-process
- Nuclear fission studied via prompt spectroscopy



► Applied physics :

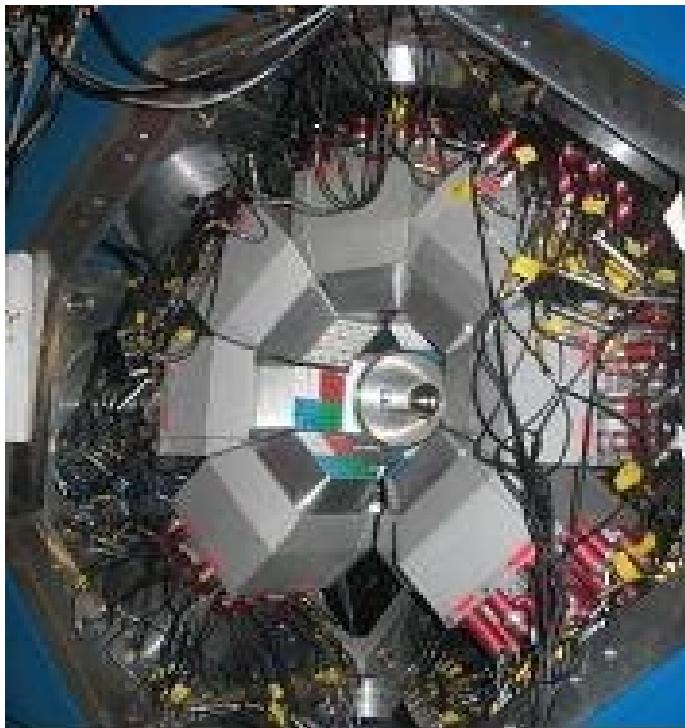
- Nuclear waste burning
- Generation IV reactors
- Elemental imaging



EXILL

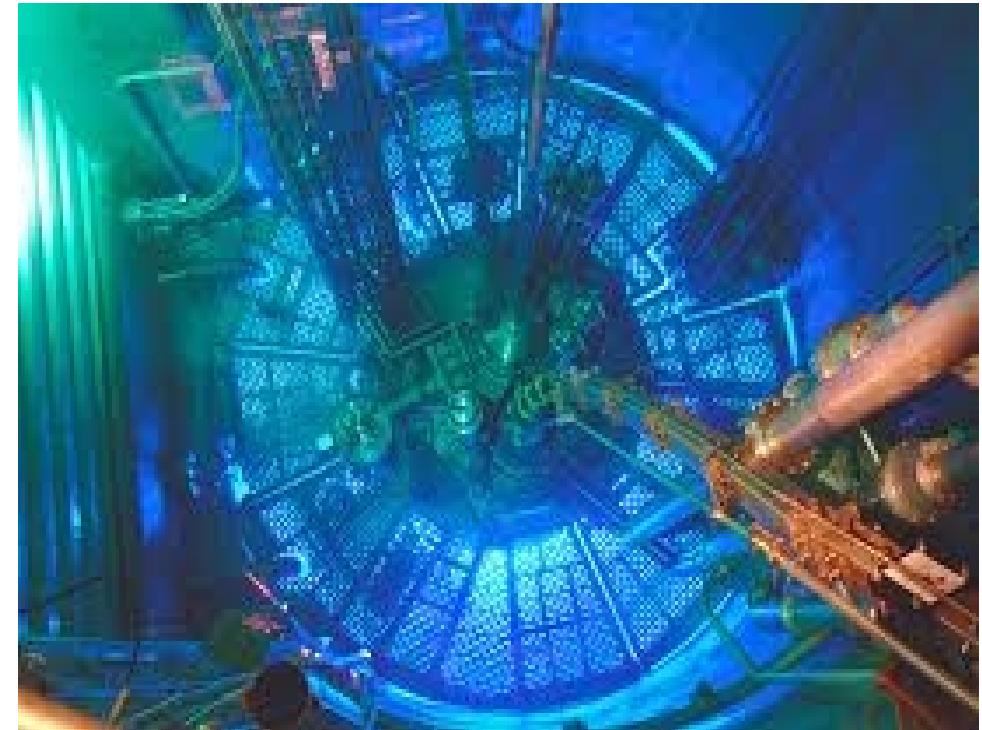
- ▶ Motivation
- ▶ Setup
- ▶ Performances

EXogam @ ILL



High efficiency
germanium array

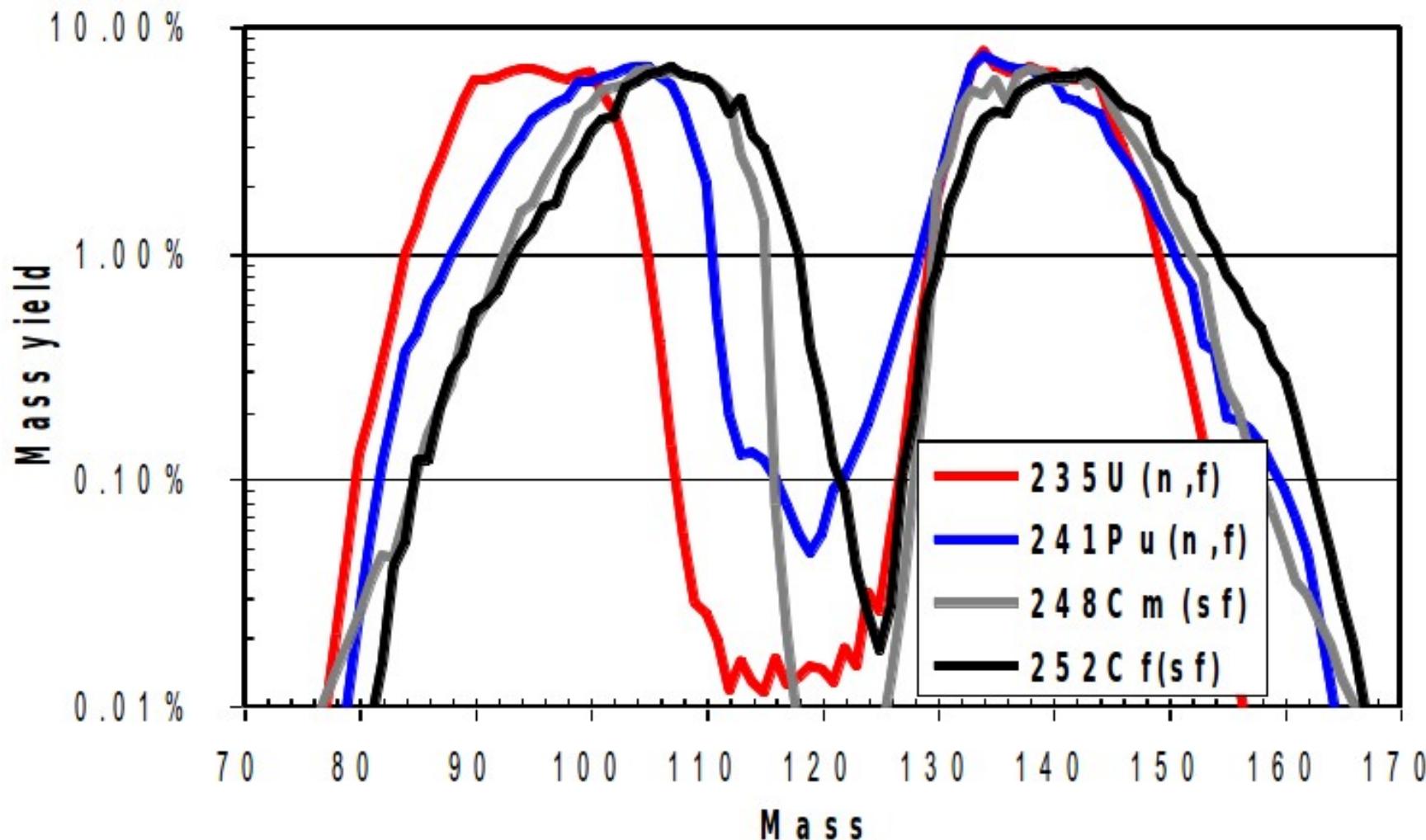
=> γ -ray spectroscopy of cold neutron induced reactions
on **14 stable and 3 actinide targets**



58 MW high flux reactor with intense
extracted neutron beams

$^{235}\text{U}(\text{n,fission})$

► $^{241}\text{Pu}(\text{n,f})$ and $^{235}\text{U}(\text{n,f})$ vs spontaneous fission sources



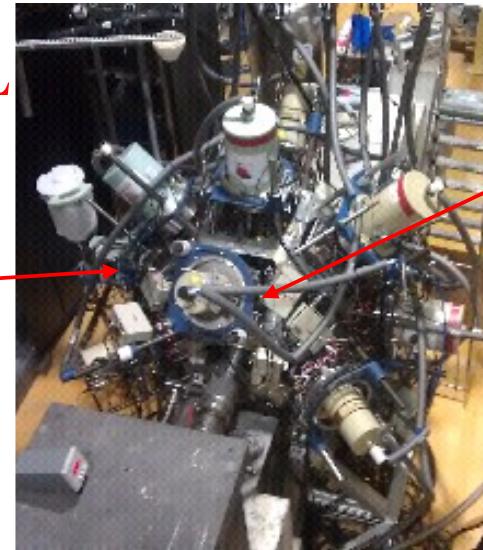
EXILL

- ▶ Motivation
- ▶ Setup
- ▶ Performances

The EXILL setup

► EXILL campaign at PF1B: **EXOGAM @ ILL**
(October 2012 → April 2013)

EXOGAM+GASP array:
Provided by GANIL and LNL

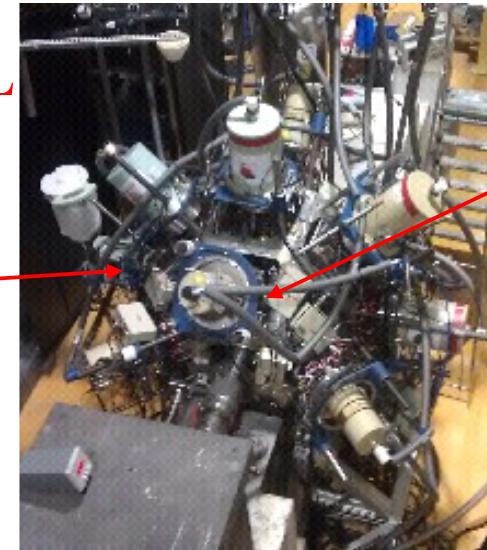


235U and
241Pu targets
with thick
backing

The EXILL setup

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EXOGAM+GASP array:
Provided by GANIL and LNL
+ FATIMA LaBr array for $\frac{1}{2}$ cycle



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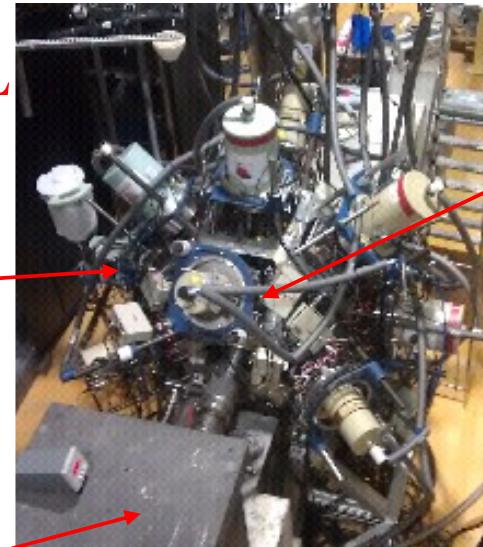
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Collimation:
 $\phi 12$ mm “pencil” neutron beam



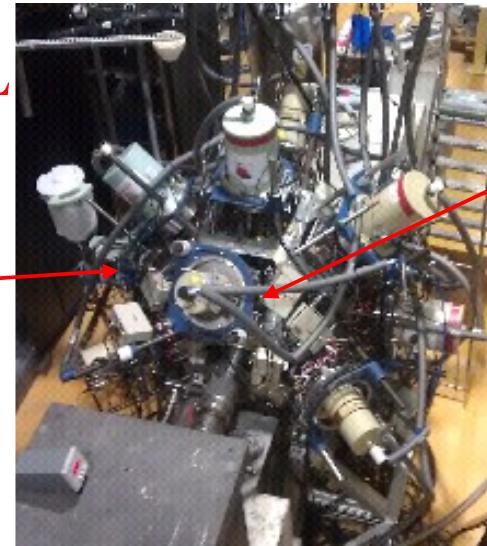
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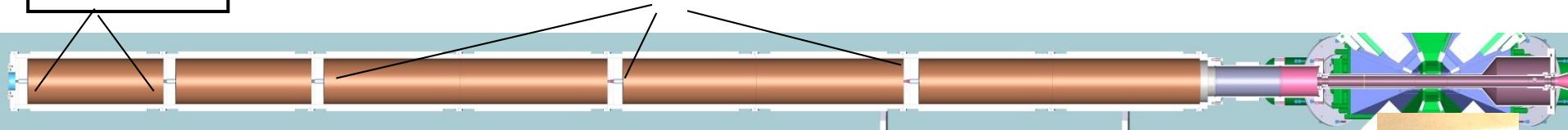
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235U and
241Pu targets
with thick
backing

Borated plastics + ^{6}LiF
5 cm Pb

1cm B_4C ceramics
5 cm Pb

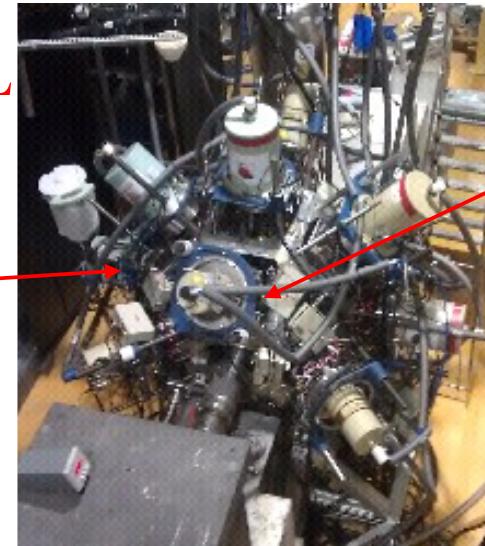


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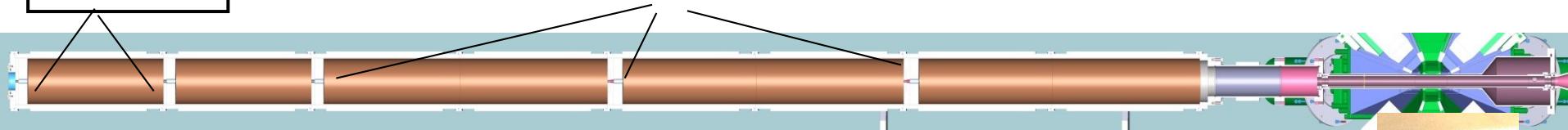
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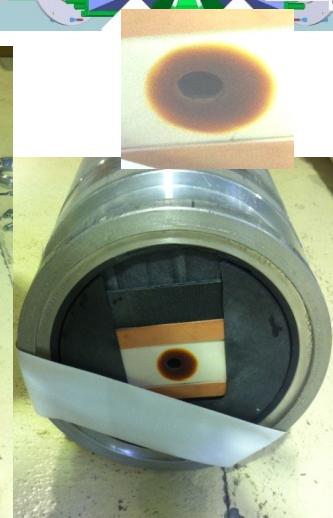
235U and
241Pu targets
with thick
backing

1cm B_4C ceramics
5 cm Pb

Borated plastics + 6LiF
5 cm Pb



10^{10}
 $20 \times 6 \text{ cm}^2$

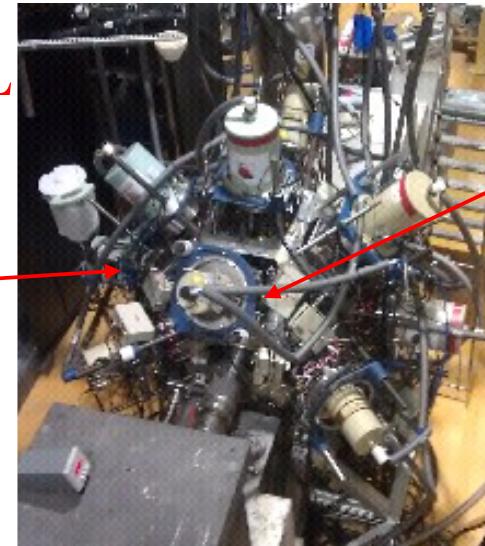


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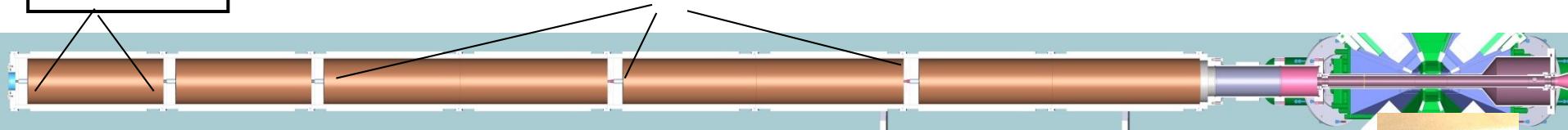
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235U and
241Pu targets
with thick
backing

Borated plastics + ^{6}LiF
5 cm Pb

1cm B_4C ceramics
5 cm Pb



10^{10}
 $20*6 \text{ cm}^2$

→

10^8
 1 cm^2



Fission targets

Targets **sandwiched between dense backings**
for rapid stopping of fission fragments.

1. **$^{235}\text{U-Zr/Sn}$, nominal fission rate 70 kHz**

3 layers UO_2 (total 575 $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ of 99.7% enriched ^{235}U)
laminated with Sn between 15 μm thick Zr foils (nuclear grade, <50 ppm Hf)

2. **$^{235}\text{U-Be}$, nominal fission rate 90 kHz**

1 layer UO_2 (675 $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ of 99.7% enriched ^{235}U)
glued with thin layer of cyanoacrylate between 25 μm thick Be foils

3. **$^{241}\text{Pu-Be}$, nominal fission rate 70 kHz**

1 layer PuO_2 (300 $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ of 78.6% ^{241}Pu , plus non-fissile ^{240}Pu and ^{242}Pu)
glued with thin layer of cyanoacrylate between 25 μm thick Be foils
 ^{241}Am daughter freshly separated and target prepared at
Kernchemie Mainz

^{241}Pu target and its inner vacuum chamber



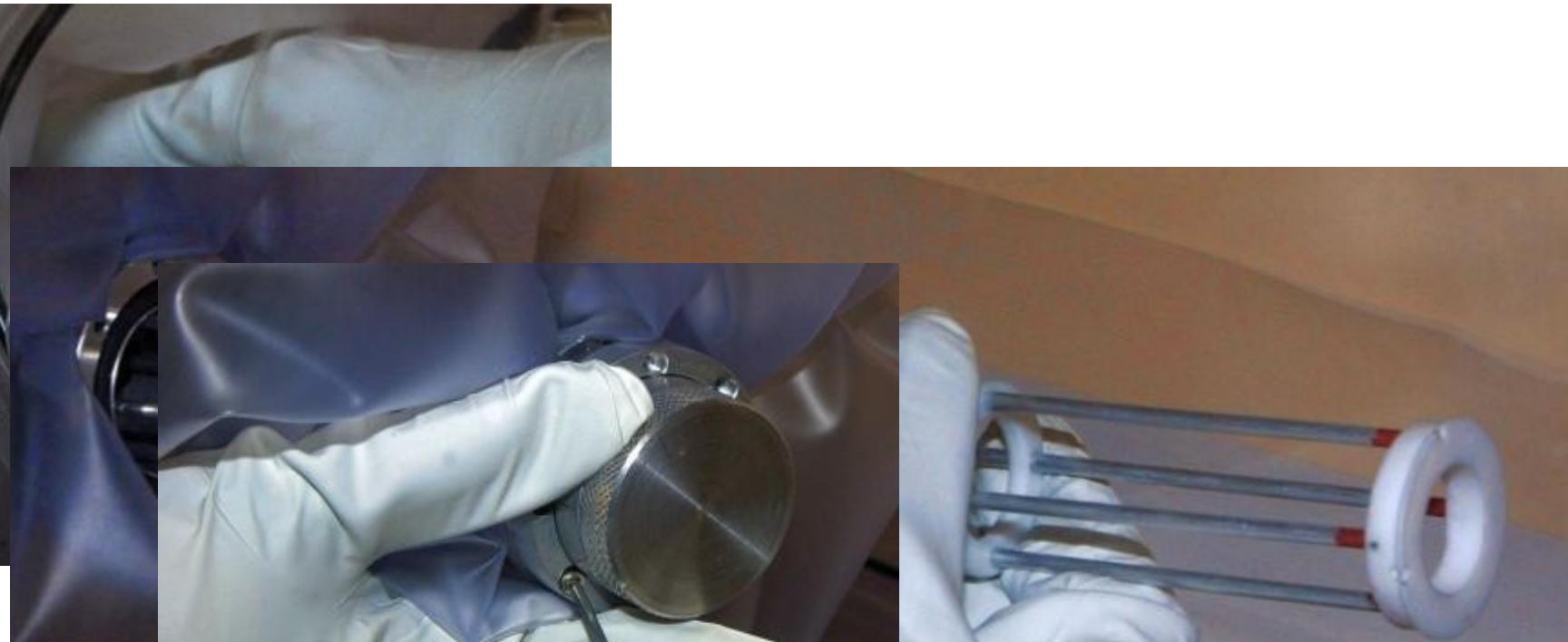
^{241}Pu target and its inner vacuum chamber



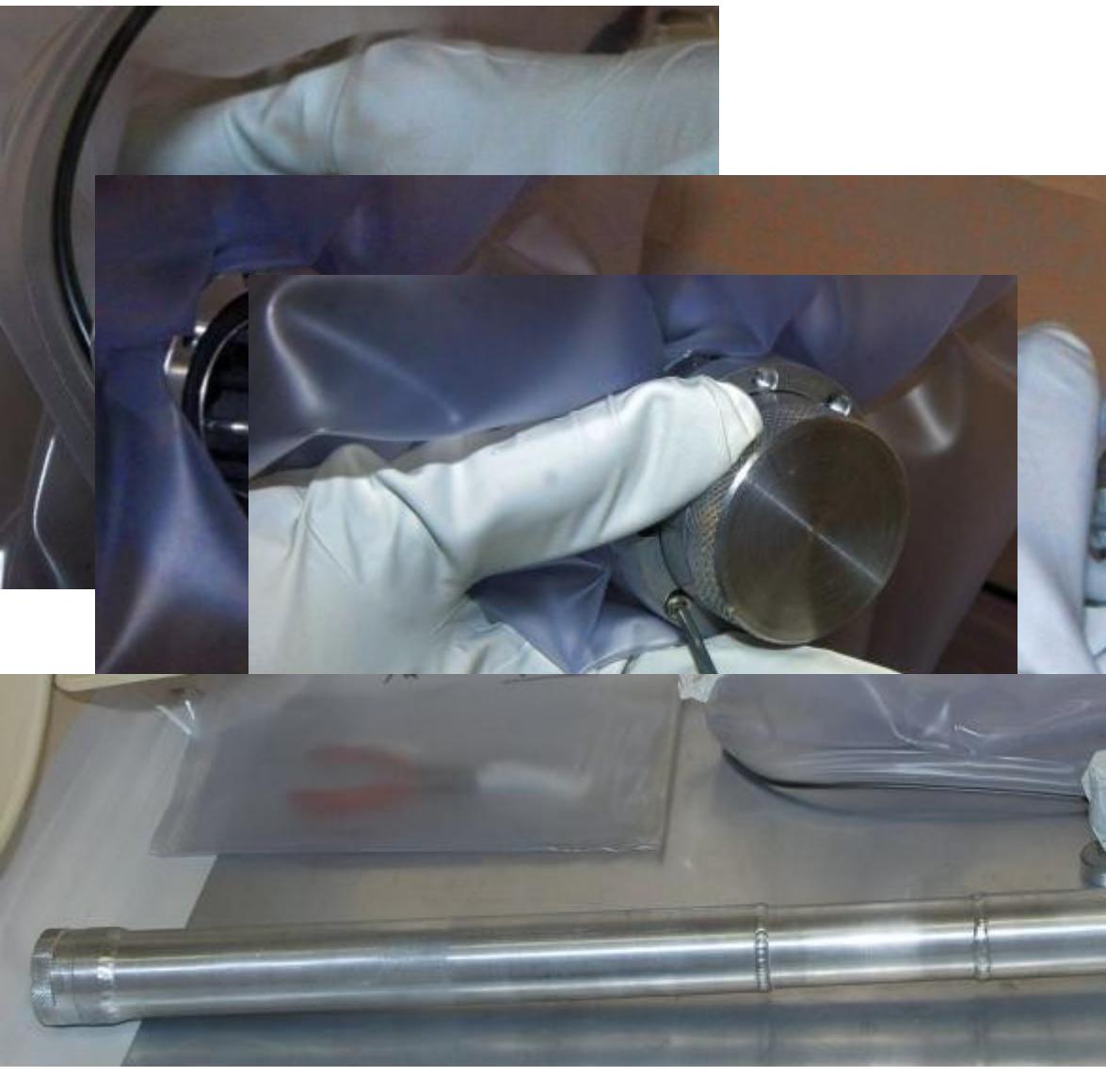
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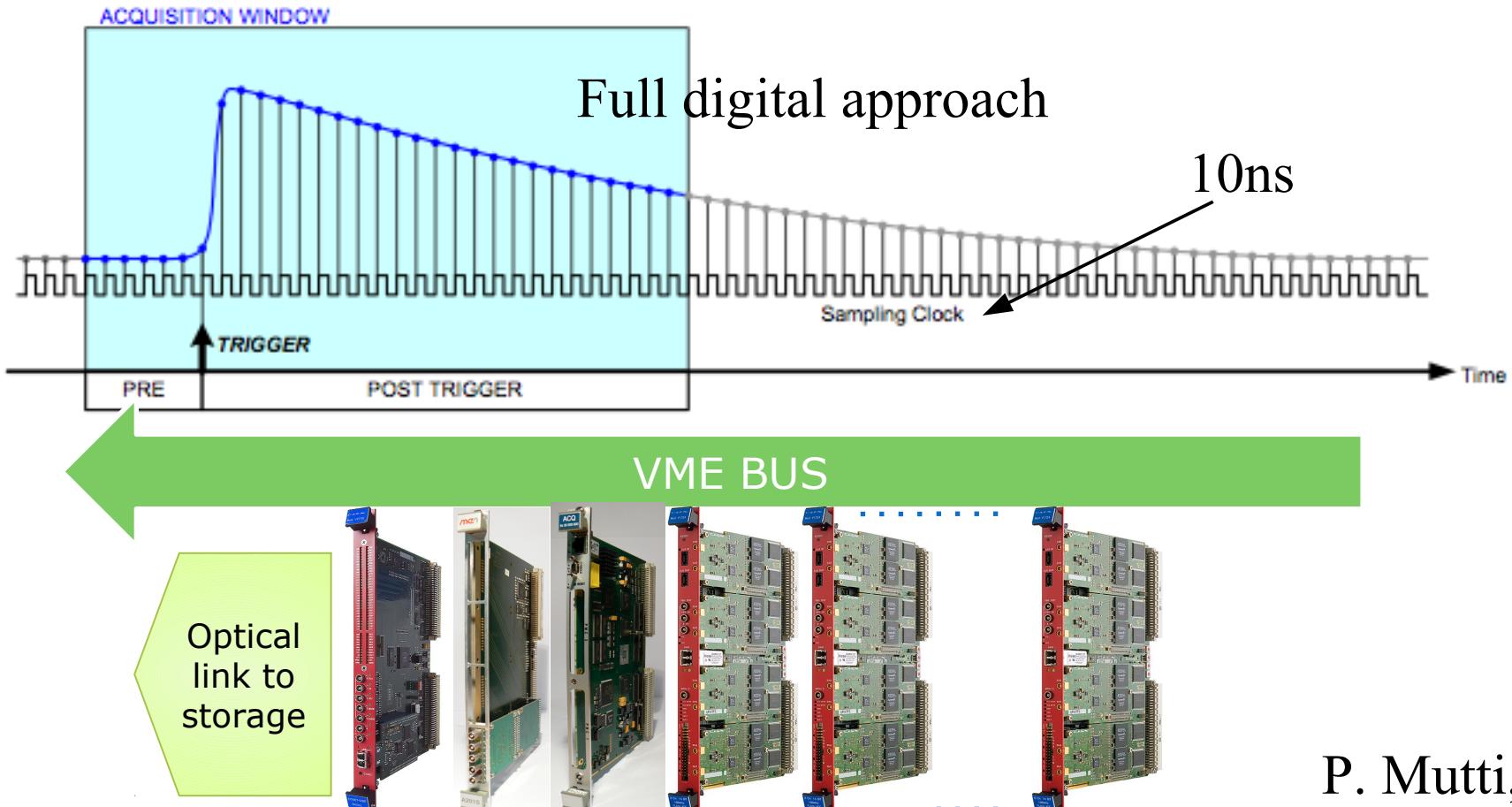
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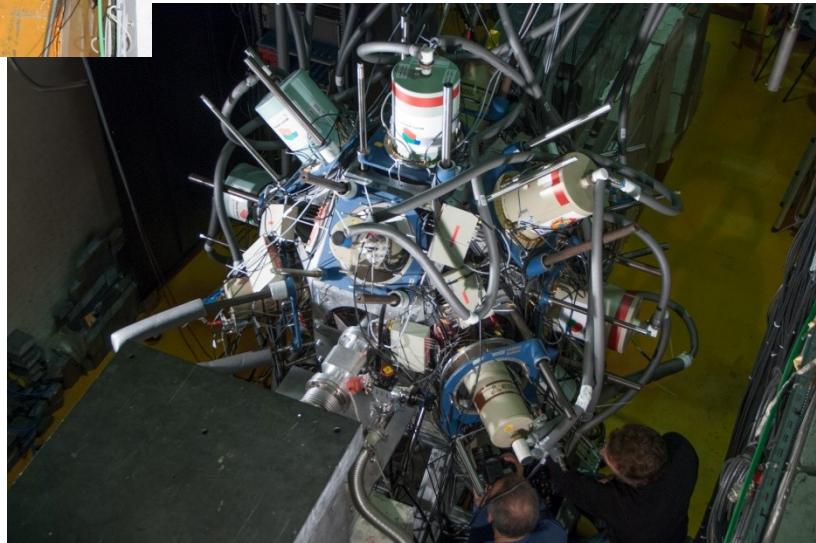
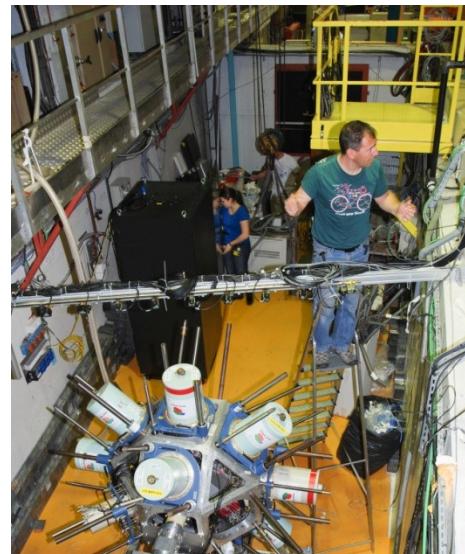
New triggerless DAQ

► Requirements:

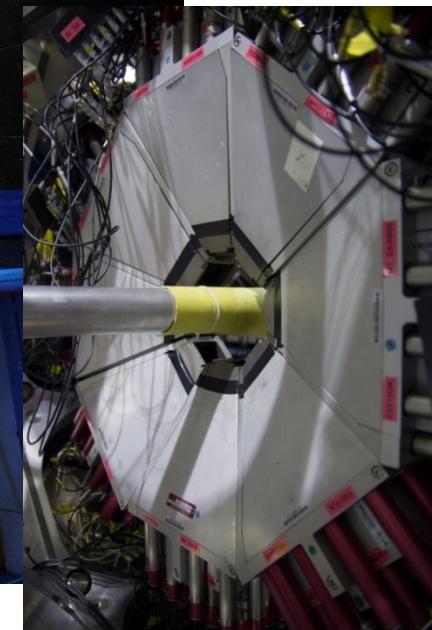
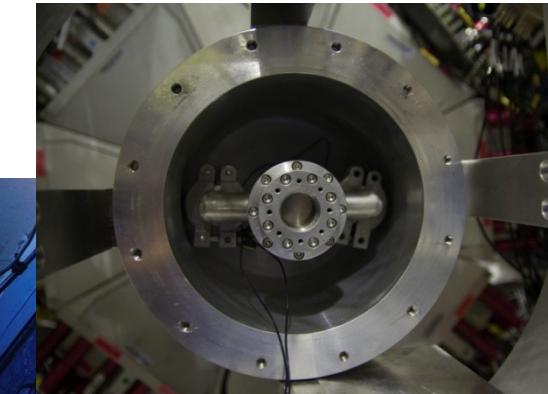
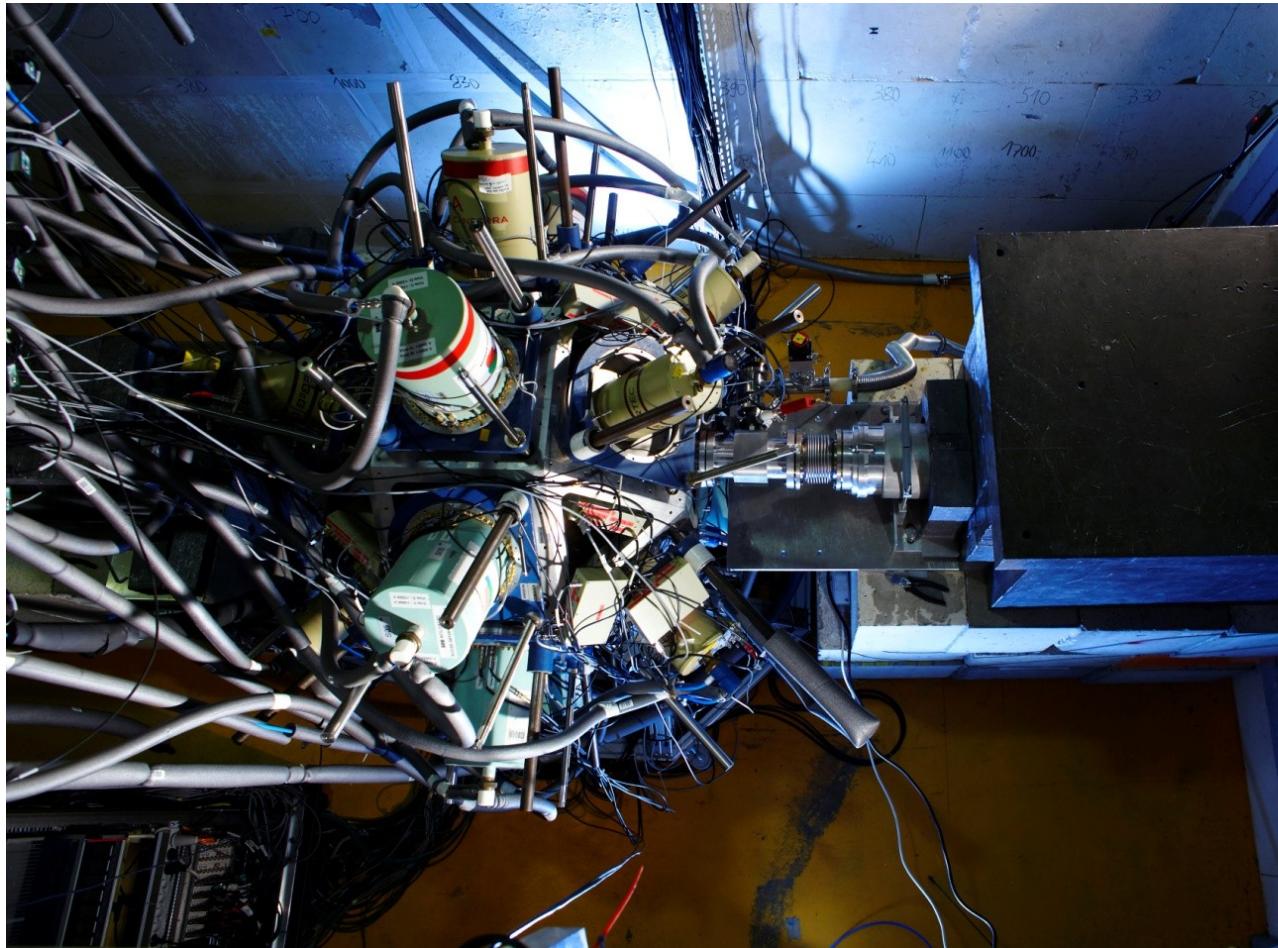
- Handle high event rate (>600 kHz)
- Minimize dead time
- Accurate timing
- High data throughput



EXILL installation within 10 days



EXILL installation within 10 days



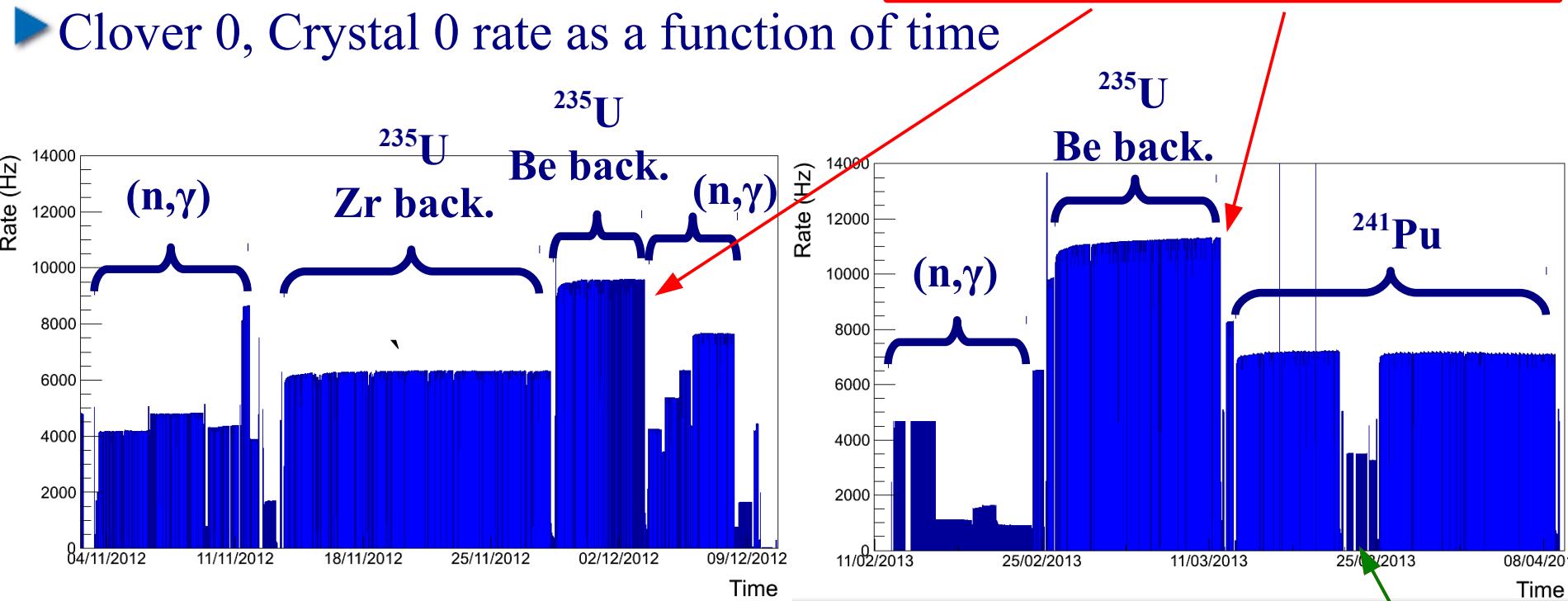
EXILL

- ▶ Motivation
- ▶ Setup
- ▶ Performances

Data taking

10 kHz per crystal triggerless data taking achieved, 60 crystals

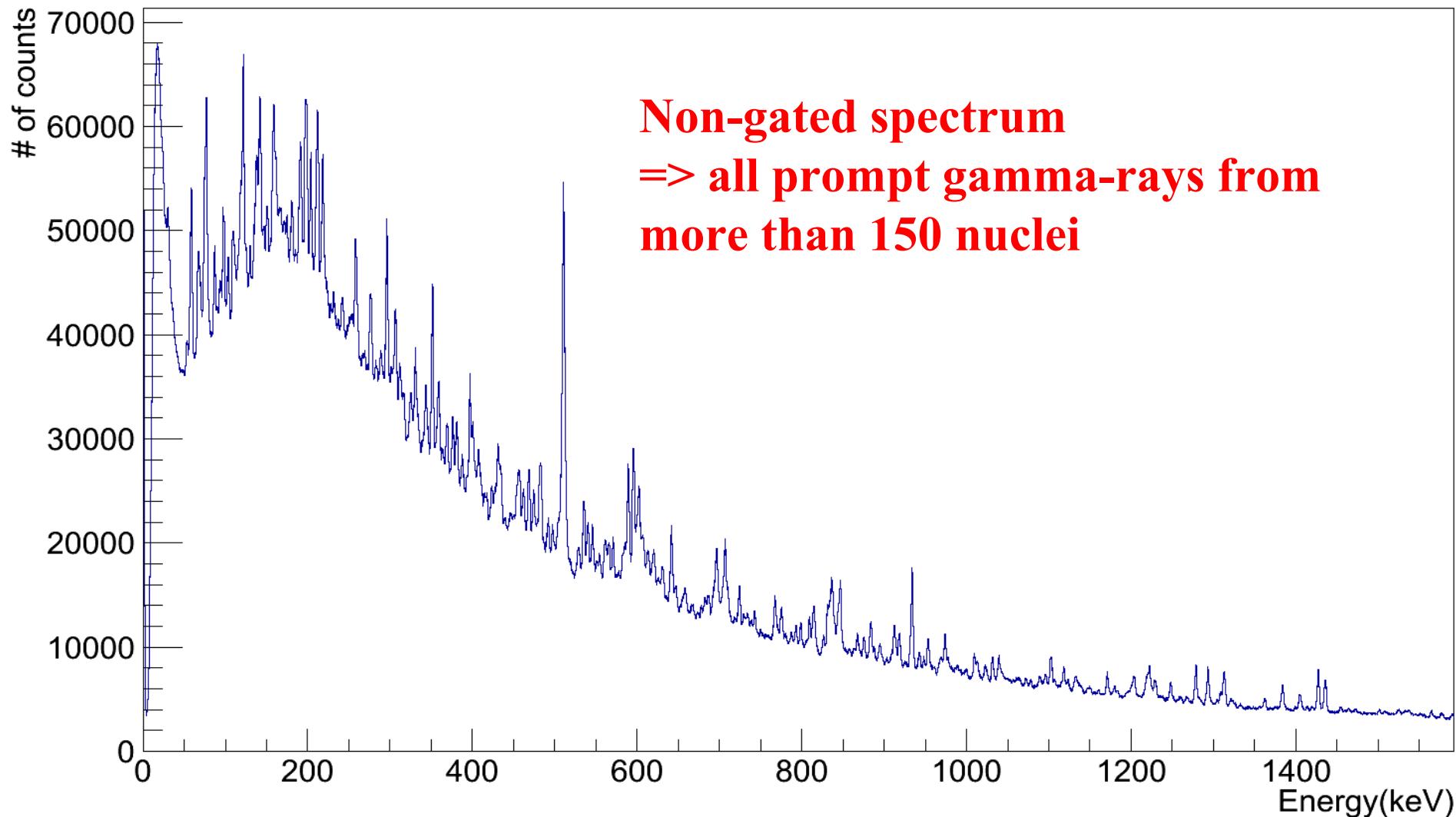
► Clover 0, Crystal 0 rate as a function of time



=> >95% of beam time dedicated to measurement

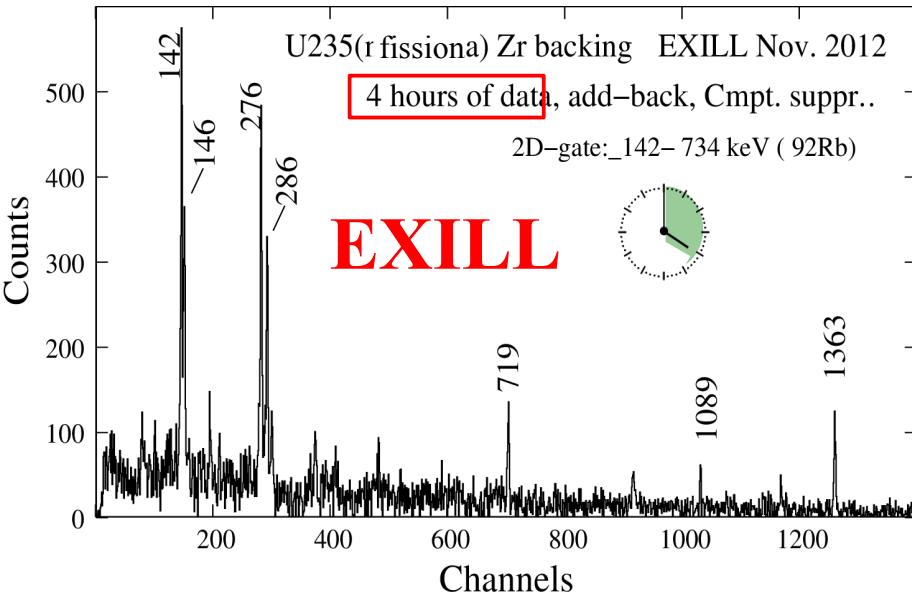
Setup changing,
 (n,γ) during nights

“Online” spectroscopy: ^{92}Rb



“Online” spectroscopy: ^{92}Rb

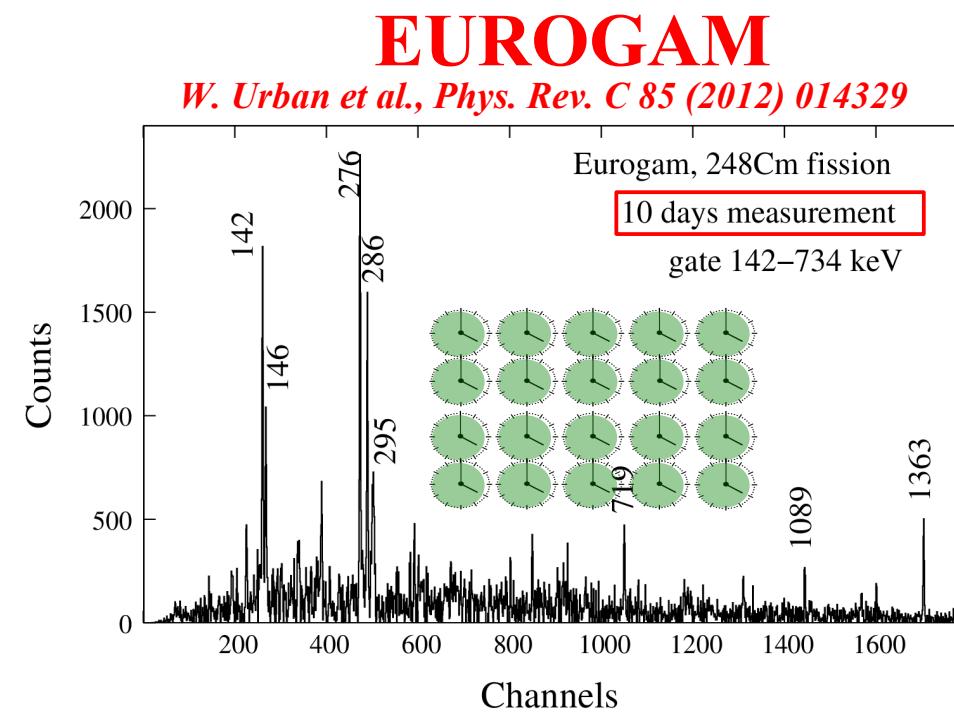
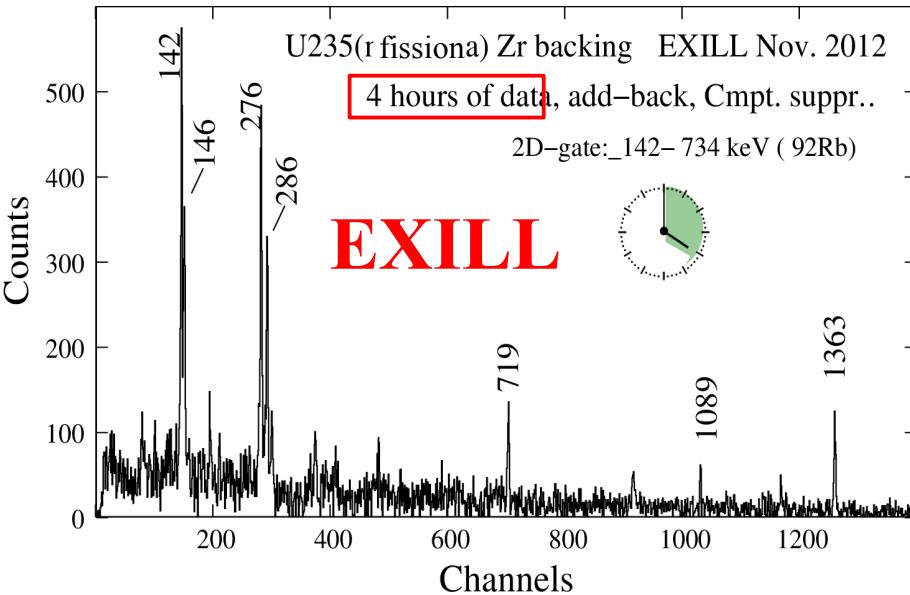
► ^{92}Rb : gamma-gamma spectrum **gated on 142-734 keV γ -rays**



W. Urban, ILL

“Online” spectroscopy: ^{92}Rb

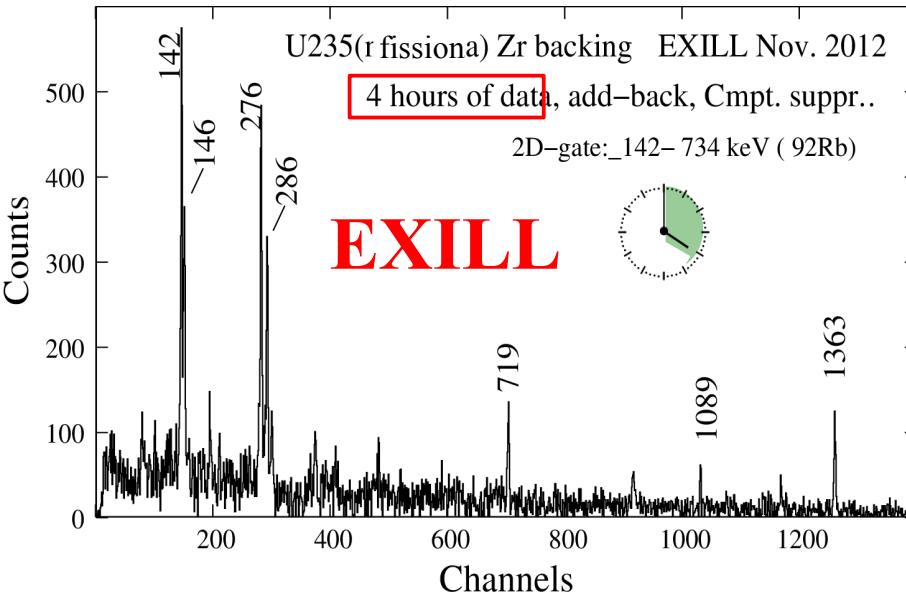
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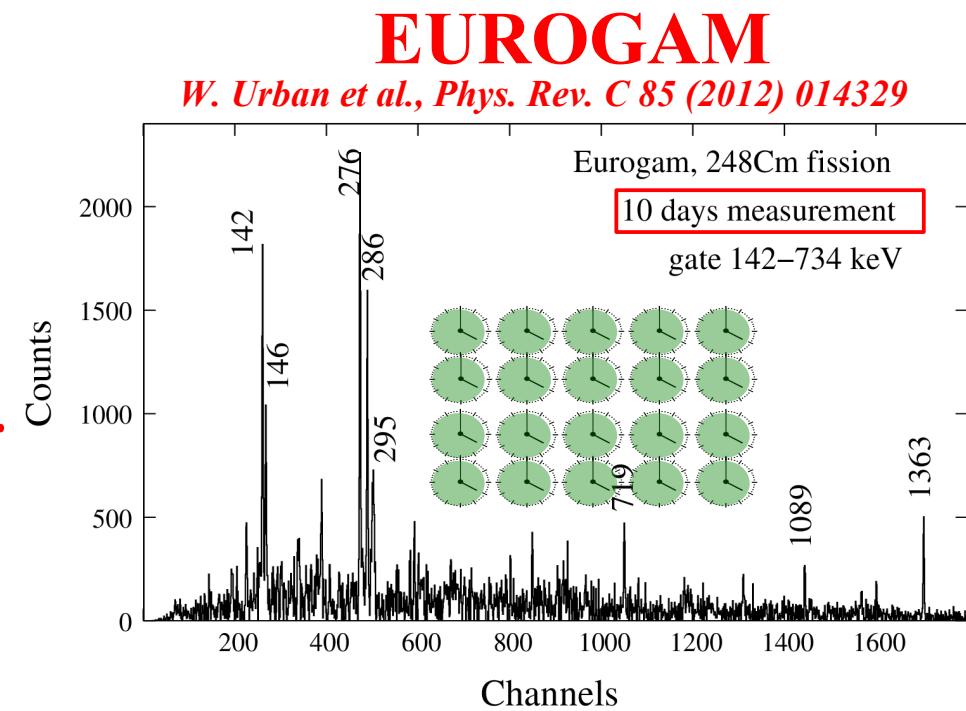
W. Urban, ILL

“Online” spectroscopy: ^{92}Rb

► ^{92}Rb : gamma-gamma spectrum **gated on 142-734 keV γ -rays**



Much higher statistics
=> **allow studying much weaker populated nuclei**



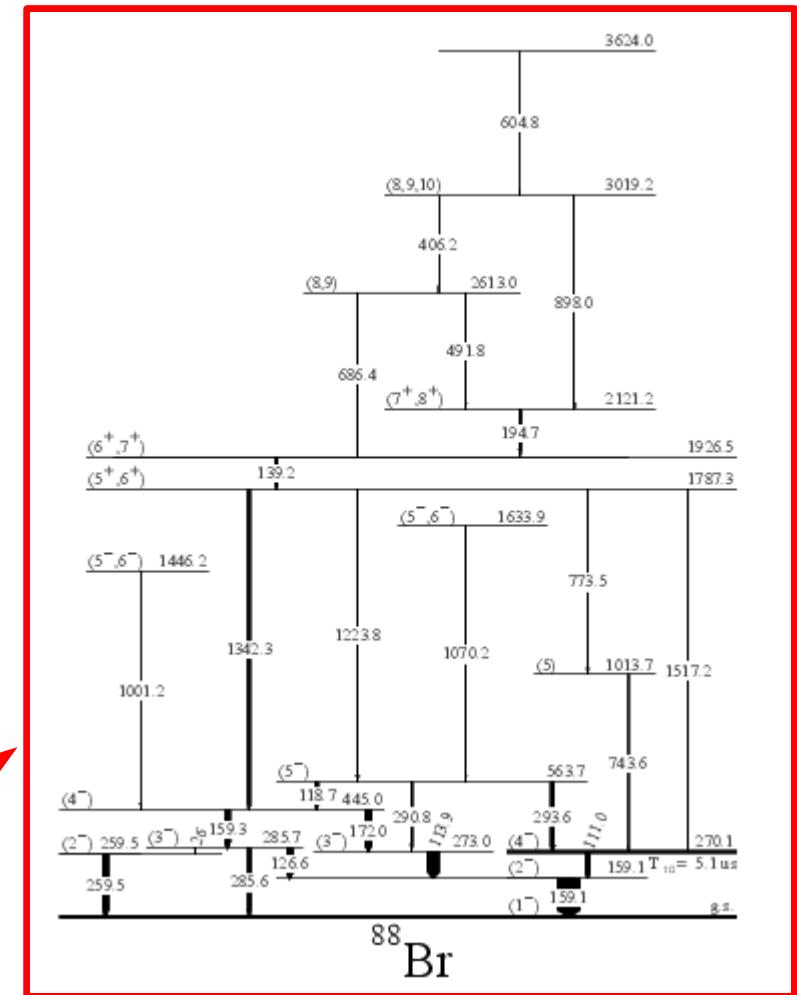
W. Urban, ILL

First results

- "Germanium-gated γ - γ fast timing of excited states in fission fragments using the EXILL&FATIMA spectrometer", J.M. Regis & al., NIM A, 763, Pages 210–220
- "Test of the SO(6) selection rule in ^{196}Pt using cold-neutron capture", J. Jolie et al., Nuclear Physics A 11/2014
- "B($E2; 2^+_1 \rightarrow 0^+_1$) value in Kr90", J.M. Regis & al., Phys. Rev. C 90, 067301
- "Near-yrast excitations in nucleus As 83 : Tracing the $\pi g\ 9/2$ orbital in the Ni 78 region", P. Bączyk & al., Physical Review C 91(4) · April 2015
- "Neutron-proton multiplets in the nucleus ^{88}Br ", M. Czerwinski & al., Physical Review C 92(1) · July 2015

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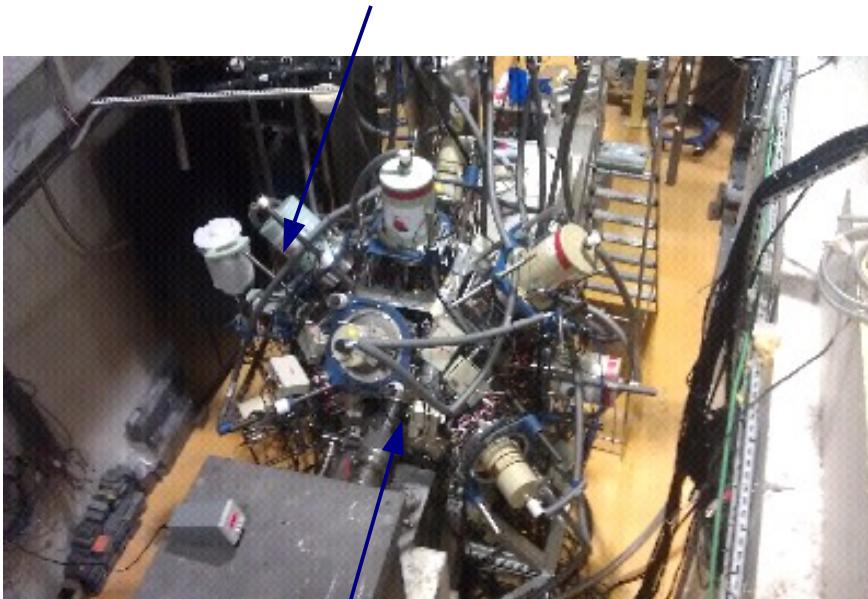


FISSION PRODUCT PROMPT γ -RAY SPECTROMETER

- ▶ FIIPPS layout
- ▶ FIIPPS with fast neutrons

FIPPS layout

γ -ray detection with Ge array (EXILL-like)

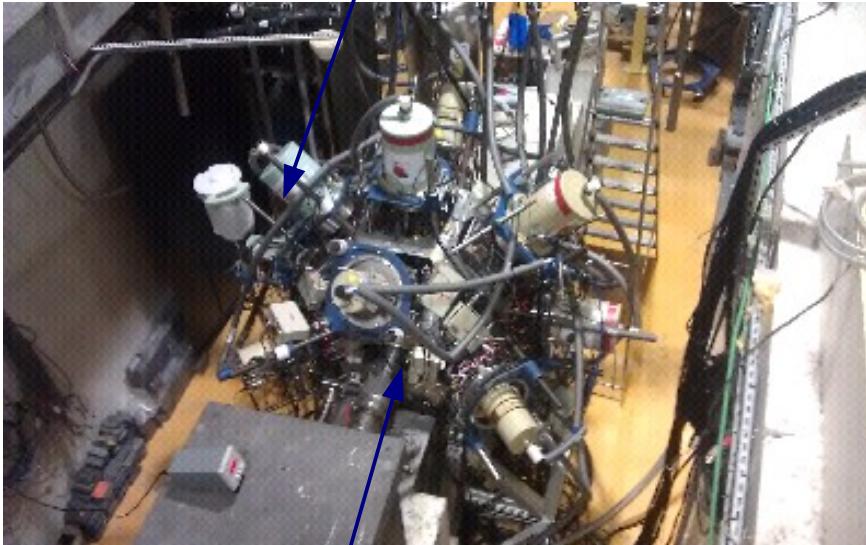


**Fission target with a
thick backing**

FIPPS layout

γ -ray detection with Ge array (EXILL-like)

Spectrometer

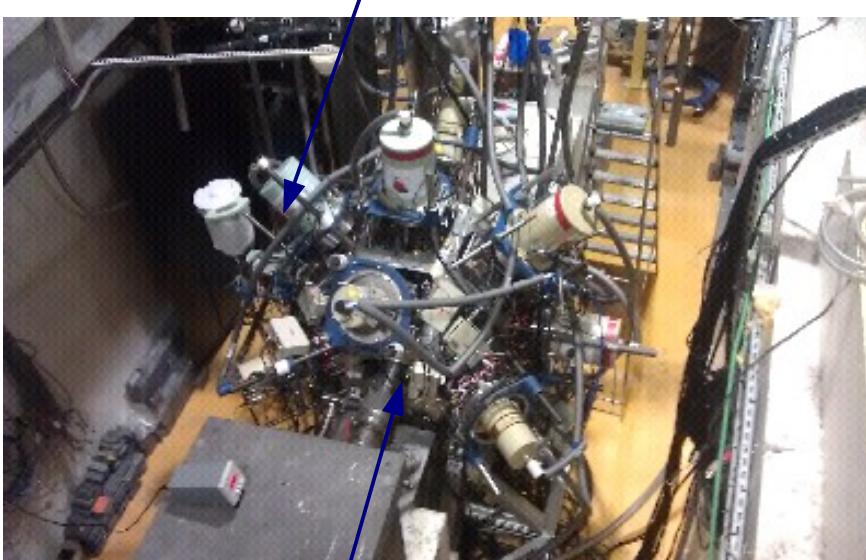


+

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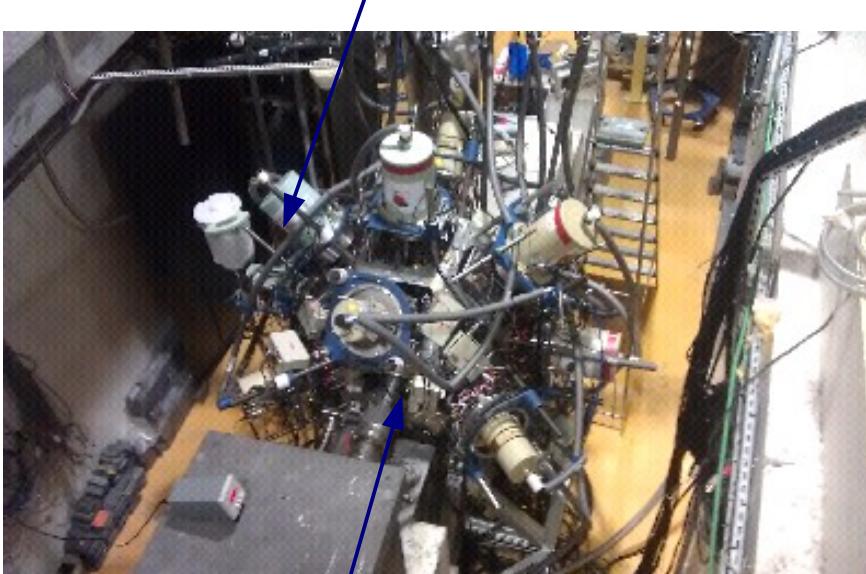
Spectrometer



- Large acceptance ~10% (close to Ge array efficiency)
- Not necessarily good mass resolution (~3-4 is acceptable)
- Focal plan (for fission and 0.1 us isomers studies)

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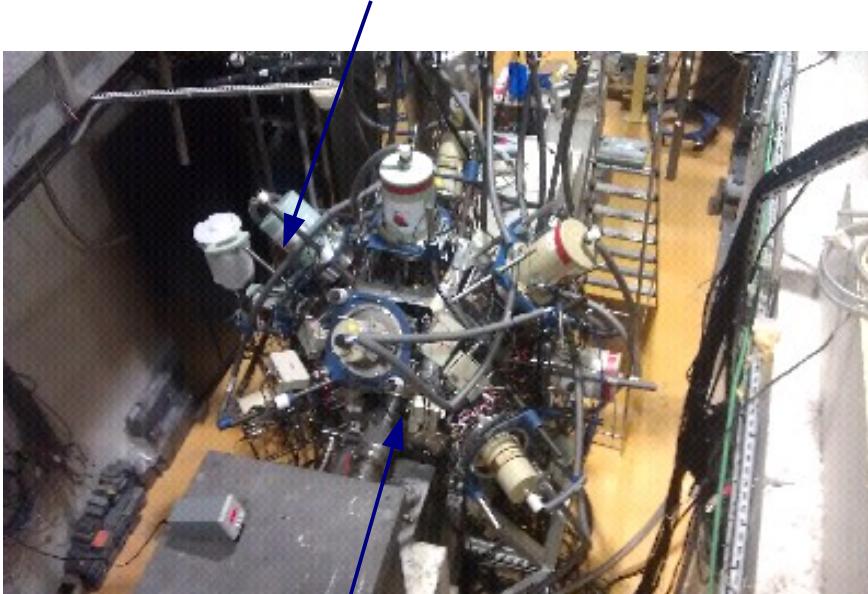
Spectrometer



- Large acceptance < 10% (close to Ge array efficiency)
 - Not necessarily good mass resolution ($\sim 3\%$ is acceptable)
 - Focal plan (for fission and 0.1 us isomers studies)
- 

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Fission target with a
thick backing

Spectrometer

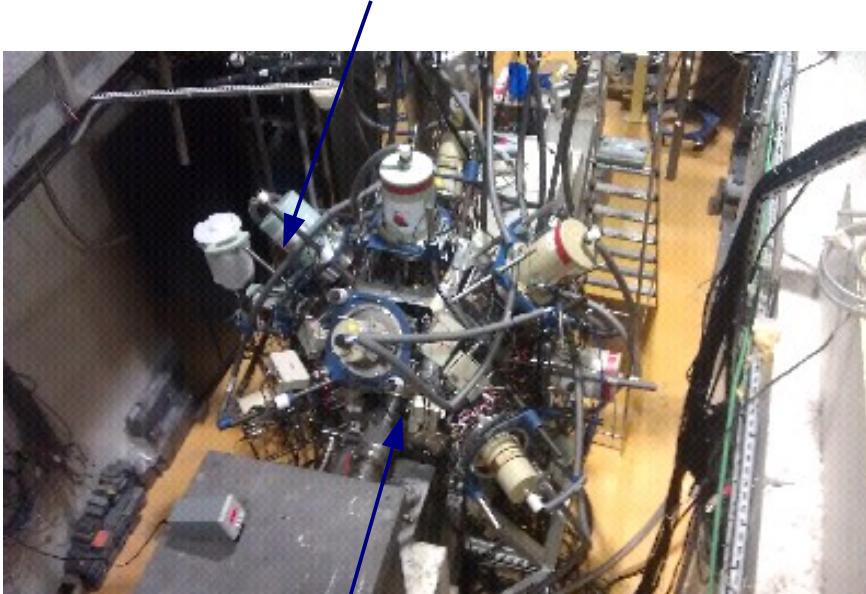


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- Allows Ekin measurement
- Allows dE/dx measurement
- Moveable for fast neutrons studies

FIPPS layout

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Fission target with a
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Spectrometer



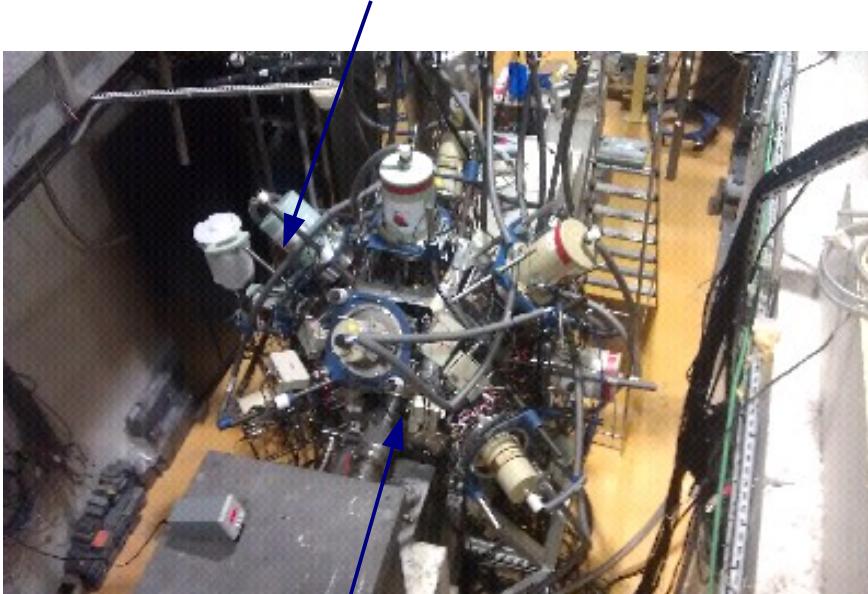
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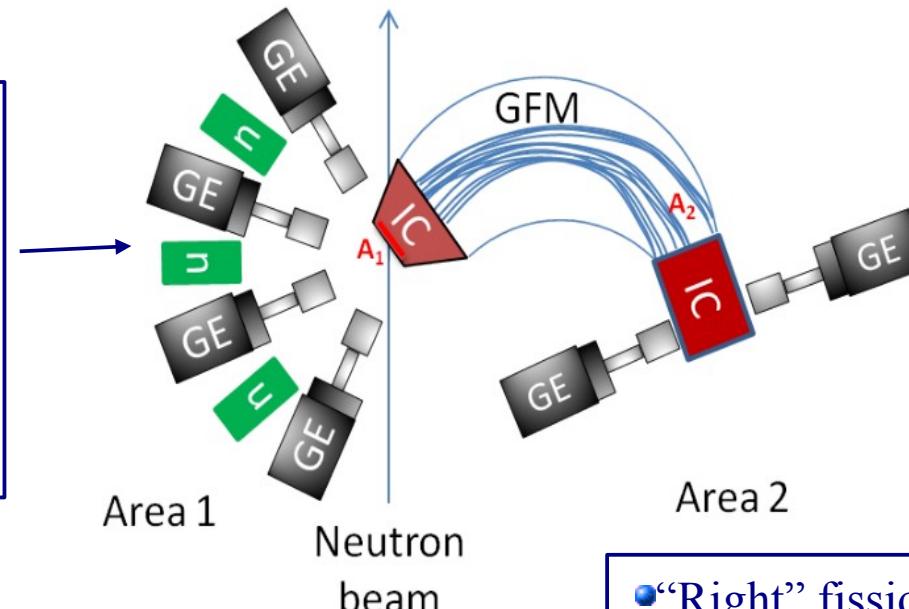
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FIPPS layout

EXILL-like
• “Left” fission
fragment: stopped in
backing
→ Doppler free γ
detection

+4 more Ge detectors
out of plane

IC: Ionization chamber
n: neutron detectors
Ge : Ge clovers



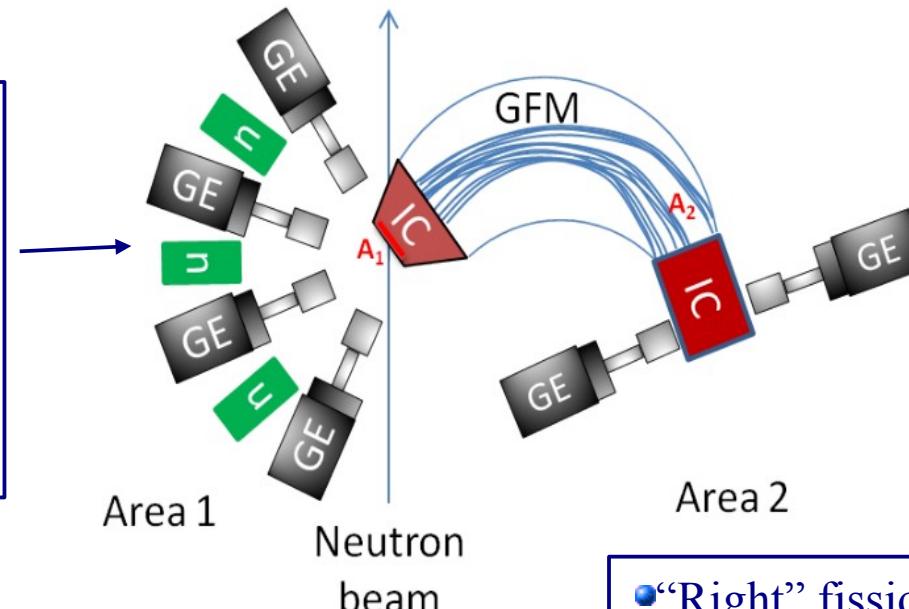
• “Right” fission fragment:
→ mass identification with a Gas-Filled
magnet for **filtering**
→ **E_{kin} & dE/dx** measurement with
Ionization chamber **using intrinsic
energy loss in the gas**

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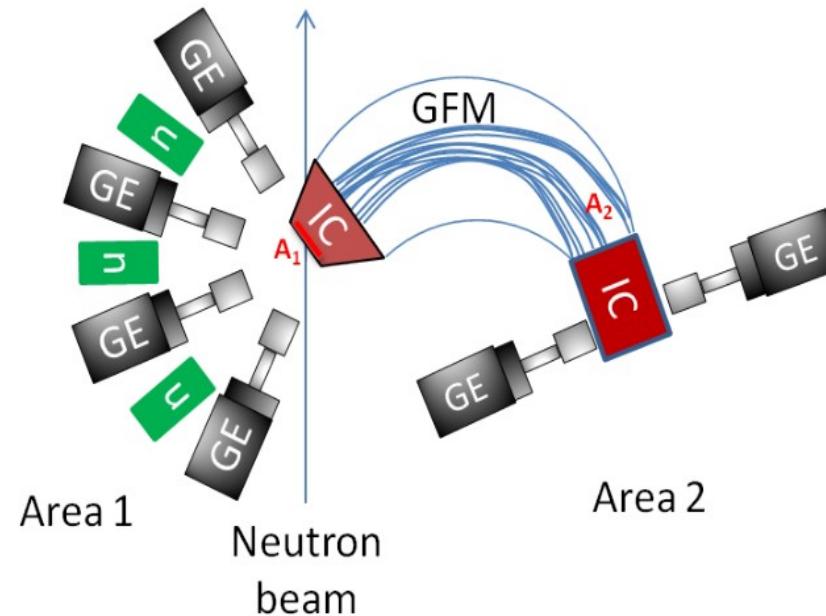
- Ancillary detectors:
→ neutron detectors
+ → LaBr₃(Ce) for fast timing
→ low energy Ge detectors
→ ...

• “Right” fission fragment:
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magnet for **filtering**
→ **Ekin & dE/dx** measurement with
Ionization chamber **using intrinsic
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+4 more Ge detectors
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-
- Gas-Filled Magnet: **simulations on going**
 - Ionization chambers → **LPSC know-how** (in use at Lohengrin since 20 years)

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- ▶ FIPPS with fast neutrons

FIPPS with fast neutrons

► Nuclear structure:

- allow to reach **more neutron rich nuclei** by changing the fissioning system

FIPPS with fast neutrons

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- but **much lower cross section** (2 orders of magnitude)

FIPPS with fast neutrons

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FIPPS with fast neutrons

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FIPPS with fast neutrons

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► Nuclear fission:

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► Nuclear fission:

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- Correlation between spin distribution and kinetic energy

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- but **much lower cross section** (2 orders of magnitude)
 - need **thicker target** which may not be compatible with a mass spectrometer

► Nuclear fission:

- Fission yields
- Correlation between spin distribution and kinetic energy
- Low cross sections are less a problem since the analysis does not necessarily requires a triple coincidence

Conclusion

Conclusion (1)

FIPPS:

► Phase I: Ge array (end of 2016)

- safe-handling of various actinide targets → **ILL know-how**
- halo-free pencil beam of neutron → **experimentally validated**
- safe operation of Germanium array close to neutron beam → **experimentally validated**
→ **possible use of 233U, 235U, 239Pu, 241Pu, 245Cm, 247Cm, 249Cf, 251Cf, ...**
- triggerless DAQ with high-rate capability (~6kHz/crystal) → **experimentally validated**
- fission veto/tagging using scintillating active target → **being tested**

► Phase II: Ge array + Spectrometer

- 2016: end of design and looking for funding

The spectrometer is designed to be moveable.

Interest from fast neutrons facilities is welcome.

Conclusion (2)

First FIPPS clovers during second half of 2016
=> possible (n, γ) measurements during the last cycle of 2016

- ▶ Job offers at the ILL in the context of FIPPS:
 - **2 Master internship (4-6 months)**
 - Fission trigger development: A. Blanc, blanc@ill.fr
 - FIPPS collimation system: U. Koester, koester@ill.fr
 - **1 FIPPS instrument responsible (5 years position)**
 - **1 PhD**
 - Lifetime and g-factor measurements with FIPPS : M. Jentschel, jentschel@ill.fr



The EXILL collaboration



Yale University



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